# RALAL BHAKAT COLLEG NALHATI, BIRBHUM



भाचारः परमो धर्म एडगाः १९८६

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

SYLLABUS DISTRIBUTIONS ON ODD SEMESTER

SESSION: 2021-2022

### SEM-1 PHIG (2021-2022)

#### Semester-1

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
CC-1A	Indian Philosophy	Core Course	5-1-0	6	75

#### **Recommended Topics:**

- 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy
- 2. Cārvāka: (a) pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda
- 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda and nayavāda
- Buddhism: (b)FourNobleTruths(b) pratītyasamutpāda(c)kṣaṇabhaṅga vāda and(d)nairātmya vāda
- 5. Nyāya Vaiśe şika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b)saptapadārtha (Seven Categories)
- **6. Sāṁkhya:** (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariṇāma vāda (Theory of Evolution)
- 7. Yoga: (a)cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā:(a)arthā patti and(b)anupa labdhi
- 8. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat





**Recommended Topics**: 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy

- 2. Cārvāka: (a)pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b)Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jadavāda and dehātmavāda
- 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b)syādvāda and nayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (b)Four Noble Truths (b)pratītyasamutpāda (c)kṣaṇabhaṅgavādaand (d) nairātmyavāda
- 5. Nyāya—Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) andśabda (testimony) and (b) saptapadārtha (Seven Categories)
- 6. Sāṁkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariṇāmavāda (Theory of Evolution)
- 7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpattiand (b) anupalabdhi
- 8. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat

**MODULE-I** 

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY		CHER ME
NO			Seco nd Half
1	1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy.	MB	SD
2	2. Cārvāka:(a) pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutationofanumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda. 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda and nayavāda 4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (c) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda and (d) nairātmyavāda.	МВ	SI
4	6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariṇāmavāda (Theory of Evolution)		SS
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpatti	SM	AD

#### **MODULE-II**

		TEAC	CHER
SL	THE TAX PULL OF COURTS	NA	ME
NO	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	First	Seco
Ш		Half	nd Half
2	4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (c) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda	MB	SI
2	and (d) nairātmyavāda.	MID	31
	5. Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna		
3	(inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b)	MB	SI
111	saptapadārtha (Seven Categories).	h .	
4	7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga.		SS
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(b) anupalabdhi.	SM	AD
6	9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.	SD	SM

#### **MODULE-III**

	\\`'\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	TEAC	CHER
SL		NA	ME
NO	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	First	Seco
		Half	nd Half
	5. Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna		
3	(inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b)	MB	SI
	saptapadārtha (Seven Categories).		
	6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality) and (b) pariņāmavāda		
4	(Theory of Evolution)	MB	SS
	7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga.		
5	8. Mīmāmsā: (b) anupalabdhi.		AD

6 9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat. SD SM

#### SEM-3 PHIG

#### Semester-3

CC-1C	Logic	Core Course	5-1-0	6	75
Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks

#### **Recommended Topics:**

- Basic Concept of Logic: (a) Nature and Scope of Logic, (b) Sentence, Proposition and Statement and (c) Inference and Argument
- 2. Types of Argument: Deductive Argument and Inductive Argument
- 3. Opposition of Propositions
- 4. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition
- 5. Categorical Syllogisms: Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram
- 6. Truth-functional Arguments
- 7. Science and Hypothesis

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Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
SEC- 1	Philosophy in Practice	Skill Enhancement Course	2-0-0	2	50

#### **Recommended Topics:**

- 1. Common and Differentiating Characteristics of Philosophy and darśana
- 2. Nature of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- Outlines of the Types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana: (a) Epistemic Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana and (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- **4. AfewModelWorld-viewsandCorrespondingPathsLeadingtoPerfection:** (a)Plato's view, (b) Kant's view, (c) Sāmkhya view and (d) Advaita Vedānta View
- 5. Methods of Philosophi cal DisCourse (kathā): (a) vāda, (b) jalpa, (c) vitaņḍā, (d) chhala, (e) jāti and (f) nigrahasthāna

# Course Code /Course Title CC- 1C /GE-3/ Logic

**Recommended Topics:** 1. Basic Concept of Logic: (a) Nature and Scope of Logic,(b) Sentence, Proposition and Statement and (c) Inference and Argument

- 2. Types of Argument: Deductive Argument and Inductive Argument
- 3. Opposition of Propositions
- 4. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition
- 5. Categorical Syllogisms: Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram
- 6. Truth-functional Arguments
- 7. Science and Hypothesis

#### **MODULE-I**

SL NO	Logic		CHER ME
		First	Seco
		Half	nd
			Half
1	1. Basic Concept of Logic: (a) Nature and Scope of Logic, (b) Sentence,	SD	AD
	Proposition and Statement and (c) Inference and Argument		
2	5. Categorical Syllogism : Rules and Fallacies, Venn Diagram.	MB	SI
4	7. Science and Hypothesis	SS	SD
		(N)	

# **MODULE-II**

SL NO	Logic	TEAC NA	
NO		First	Seco
17		Half	nd
111	- (8) UM (1/M)		Half
1	2. Types of Argument: Deductive Argument and Inductive Argument	SD	AD
	3. Opposition of Propositions		
			77
2	5. Categorical Syllogism : Venn Diagram.	MB	SI
3	6. Truth-functional Arguments	MB	SI
	7 💌 7/57 - MIGHS: ASMIN (M. 1777)	L /	/
4	7. Science and Hypothesis	SS	SD
	( ESTID 1986 ZJZ )	- //	

#### **MODULE-III**

SL NO	Logic	TEAC NA	CHER ME
		First	Seco
		Half	nd
			Half
1		SD	AD
	4. Immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition.		
3	6. Truth-functional Arguments	MB	SI

4	7. Science and Hypothesis	SS	SD

# (PHIH+PHIG) Course Code /Course Title SEC- 1 / Philosophy in Practice

**Recommended Topics:** 1. Common and Differentiating Characteristics of Philosophy and darśana

- 2. Nature of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- 3. Outlines of the Types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana: (a) Epistemic Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana and (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana
- 4. AfewModelWorld-views and Corresponding Paths Leading to Perfection:
- (a)Plato'sview, (b) Kant's view, (c) Sāmkhya view and (d) Advaita Vedānta View
- 5. Methods of Philosophical Discourse (kathā): (a) vāda, (b)jalpa,
- (c)vitaṇḍā,(d)chhala,(e)jātiand (f) nigrahasthāna

#### **MODULE-I**

SL	PHILOSOPHY IN PRACTICE	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
1	1. Common and Differentiating Characteristics of Philosophy and darśana	AD/SM
2	2. Nature of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana	AD/SM
4	4. A few Model World views and corresponding paths leading to	S.I
	Perfection:(a)Plato's view,(b)Kant's view, (c) Sāmkhya view	-11
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#### MODULE-II

SL	PHILOSOPHY IN PRACTICE	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
3	3.Outlines of the types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana:(a)Epistemic	AD/SM
	Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana, (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and	
	darśana,	
4	4. A few Model World views and corresponding paths leading to Perfection: (d)	S.I
	Advaita Vedānta View	
5	5. Methods of Philosophical Discourse(kathā):(a)vāda,(b)jalpa	S.I

#### **MODULE-III**

SL	PHILOSOPHY IN PRACTICE	TEAC
N		HER

О		NAME
3	3.Outlines of the types of Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana:(a)Epistemic	AD/SM
	Inquiry in Philosophy and darśana, (b) Metaphysical Inquiry in Philosophy and	
	darśana,	
5	5. Methods of Philosophical Discourse(kathā):(a)vāda, (b)jalpa, (c)vitaṇḍā,	S.I
	(d)chhala, (e)jāti and (f)Nigrahasthāna	

# SEM-5 PHIG

#### **Semester-5**

DSE-1A Philosophy of Religion Discipline Specific Elective 5 -		
Course Code   Course Title   Course Type   L -	- T - P Credi	Marks

#### **Recommended Topics:**

- 1. **Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion:** (a) Religion, Dharma, Dharma, (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology
- 2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion
- 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation
- 4. **Arguments for the Existence of God:** (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments
  - 5. **Arguments against the Existence of God**: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments
  - 6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism

#### **Recommended Texts:**

- J. Hick: Philosophy of Religion
- P. B. Chatterjee: Studies in Comparative Religion
- Edward : Philosophy of Religion

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
GE- 1	Indian Philosophy	Interdisciplinary (Generic Elective)	5-1-0	6	75

#### **Recommended Topics:**

- 1. **Introduction:** General Features of Indian Philosophy
- Cārvāka: (a)pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b)Refutation of anumāna (inference) andśabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍa vāda and de hā tma vā da
- 3. Jainism: (a)anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda andnayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (a) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (b) kṣaṇabhaṅga vāda and (c) nairātmyavāda
- Nyāya—Vaiśeşika: pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony)
- 6. **Sāṁkhya:** Satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality)
- 7. Yoga: (a) cittavrttinirodha and(b)aṣṭāngayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā: (a) arthāpatti and (b) anupalabdhi
- 9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L - T - P	Credit	Marks
SEC- 3	Philosophical Analysis	Skill Enhancement Course	2-0-0	2	50

#### **Recommended Topics:**

- 1. **Meaning:** (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning, (b) Testability and Meaning
- 2. Concept and Truth
- 3. **Knowledge:** Nature and Source of Knowledge

#### **Recommended Texts:**

• Hospers: An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis

# Course Code / Course Title DSE-1A/2A/ Philosophy of Religion

**Recommended Topics:** 1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (a) Religion, Dharma, Dhamma, (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology

2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion

- 3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism, Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation
- 4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments
- 5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments
- 6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism

#### **MODULE-I**

SL NO	Philosophy of Religion	TEACHER NAME	
		First Half	Second Half
1	1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (a) Religion, Dharma, Dhamma	TH	TH
2	2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion	SS	AD
3	3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Hinduism: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation.	SM	SM
4	4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments	业	SI
5	5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments	×,	SS
6	6. Monotheism, Polytheism	AD	

#### **MODULE-II**

SL NO	Philosophy of Religion	TEAC NAMI	
		First Half	Second Half
1	1. Nature and Scope of Philosophy of Religion: (b) Philosophy of Religion, Comparative Religion and Theology	TH	TH
2	2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion	SS	AD

3	3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Christianity, Islam: Basic	SM	SM
	Tenets, Bondage and Liberation.		
4	4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga	SM	SI
	Arguments, Cosmological Arguments		
5	5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments	TH	SS
6	6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism	AD	TH

#### **MODULE-III**

SL NO	Philosophy of Religion		TEACHER NAME	
		First Half	Second Half	
2	2. Anthropological and Freudien Theories concerning the Origin and Development of Religion	SS	AD	
3	3. Fundamental Features of Major Religions: Christianity, Islam: Basic Tenets, Bondage and Liberation.	TT.	SM	
4	4. Arguments for the Existence of God: (Indian and Western): Yoga Arguments, Cosmological Arguments, Teleological Arguments, Ontological Arguments	SM	SI	
5	5. Arguments against the Existence of God: Sociological Arguments, Freudian Arguments	TH	SS	
6	6. Monotheism, Polytheism, Henotheism	AD	TH	

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# Course Code / Course Title GE-1 / Indian Philosophy

Recommended Topics: 1. Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy

- 2. Cārvāka: (a)pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c)jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda
- 3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda andnayavāda
- 4. Buddhism: (a) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (b) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda and (c) nairātmyavāda
- 5. Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika: pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony)
- 6. Sāṁkhya: Satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality)

- 7. Yoga: (a) cittavṛttinirodha and(b) aṣṭāṅgayoga
- 8. Mīmāmsā: (a)arthāpatti and (b)anupalabdhi
- 9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat

#### **MODULE-I**

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
1	1.Introduction: General Features of Indian Philosophy.  2. Cārvāka:(a) pratyakṣa (perception) as the only Source of Knowledge (b) Refutation of anumāna (inference) and śabda (testimony) as Sources of Knowledge and (c) jaḍavāda and dehātmavāda.	SS
3	5. Nyāya—Vaiśeṣika: (a) pramāṇa: pratyakṣa (perception), anumāna (inference), upamāna (comparison) and śabda (testimony) and (b) saptapadārtha (Seven Categories)	SI
5	8. Mīmāmsā:(a) arthāpatti and (b) anupalabdhi.	SD

# MODULE-II

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
1	3. Jainism: (a) anekāntavāda and (b) syādvāda and nayavāda 4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths	SS
3	6. Sāmkhya: (a) satkāryavāda (Theory of Causality)	SI
5	9 Minazinazi(a) anthanatti and (b) anymalahdhi	CD
3	<ul><li>8. Mīmāṁsā:(a) arthāpatti and (b) anupalabdhi.</li><li>9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.</li></ul>	SD
	7. Advanta v Cuanta. Diannian, jiva and jagat.	

#### **MODULE-III**

SL	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	TEAC
N		HER
O		NAME
1	4.Buddhism:(b) Four Noble Truths (b) pratītyasamutpāda (c) kṣaṇabhaṅgavāda and (d) nairātmyavāda.	SS
3	7. Yoga : (a) cittavṛttinirodha and (b) aṣṭāṅgayoga.	SI

5	9. Advaita Vedānta: Brahman, jīva and jagat.	SD

# Course Code / Course Title SEC-3 / Philosophical Analysis

**Recommended Topics:** 1. Meaning: (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning,(b)Testability and Meaning

- 2. Concept and Truth
- 3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge

#### **MODULE-I**

SL NO	Philosophical Analysis	TEACHER NAME
		1/1
1	1. Meaning: (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning, (b) Testability and Meaning	SS
2	3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge	MB

#### **MODULE-II**

SL NO	Philosophical Analysis	
		//
1	1. Meaning: (a) Word-meaning and Sentence-meaning, (b) Testability and  SS	
	Meaning 2. Concept and Truth	
	WATE BIDDY	
2	3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge	MB

#### **MODULE-III**

SL NO	Philosophical Analysis	TEACHER NAME

1	2. Concept and Truth	SS
2	3. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge	MB

#### Note:-

Teacher Name	Short Name
Swapan Saha	SS
Totan Hazra	TH
Moumita Banerjee	MB
Arunava Das	AD
Suchitra Das	SD
Sofiqul Islam	SI
Subrata Mondal	SM

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**Signature** 

**IQAC Co-ordinator** 

Signature

H.O.D

Hiralal Bhakat College

**Hiralal Bhakat College** 

Coordinator, IQAC Hiralal Bhakat College Nalhati Birbhum

Department of. Hiralal Bhakat College Nalhati, Birbhum



**Signature Principal Hiralal Bhakat College** 

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSO Miralal Bhakat College

Nathati, Birbhum